treatment technologies for BAT identification and costing purposes which appears in a different document.) Are the relevant available treatment technologies and available disposal practices correctly characterized?

2. The ODW compiled background and technical criteria from many sources. Are the background materials and numerical criteria used in creating the 1990 Guidelines document still scientifically supportable and current, especially in terms of specific limits for solid waste disposal?

3. Are the rationale and guidance for selection of treatment technologies and waste disposal practices clear?

4. Is the recommended radiation exposure guidance for workers complete, appropriate, and clear?

5. Are there other important issues that should be addressed in the Guidelines document?

Thirdly, the Committee will consider additional activities for FY92.

For details concerning this meeting, including a draft agenda, please contact Mrs. Kathleen Conway (before May 1) or Mrs. Dorothy Clark (until the date of the meeting), Science Advisory Board (A-101F), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460. Telephone: (202) 260-8552 and FAX: (202) 260-7118. Members of the public who wish to make brief oral presentations to the Committee should contact Mrs. Conway no later than Friday, May 1, 1992 in order to be included on the Agenda. An additional 15 minutes will be reserved each day for public comment not scheduled in advance. Written statements of any length (at least 30 copies) may be provided to Mrs. Conway for distribution to the Committee. Materials received before May 1 will be mailed to the Committee, materials which arrive later will be distributed at the meeting. The Science Advisory Board expects that public statements presented at its meetings will not be repetitive of previously submitted oral or written statements.

Dated: April 3, 1992.

Donald G. Barnes,

Director, Science Advisory Board.

[FR Doc. 92-8966 Filed 4-18-92; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

[FRL-4124-6]

Bayou aux Carpes Site, LA; Amendment to October 16, 1985 Clean Water Act Section 404(c) Final Determination

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of amendment of section 404(c) final determination and notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has amended the October 16, 1985 Clean Water Act section 404(c) Final Determination concerning the Bayou aux Carpes site in Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, to add the following exceptions: (1) Discharges of dredged or fill material for the purpose of relocating the below ground Shell Pipe Line Corporation (Shell) pipeline, and (2) discharges of dredged or fill material for purposes of conducting routine operation and maintenance of this Shell pipeline, provided dredged or fill material is placed in piles with breaks in between to allow sheet flow to adjacent wetlands. EPA concludes that these proposed activities will not result in unacceptable adverse effects under section 404(c). This amendment does not provide authorization under section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 or section 404 of the Clean Water Act for Shell's proposed discharges. Shell must obtain authorization from the Corps of Engineers in order to proceed with the discharges associated with its proposed activities governed by these statutes at the Bayou aux Carpes site.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The amendment was effective February 28, 1992 upon signature of EPA's Assistant Administrator for Water.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Specific details are available from Joseph P. DaVia (EPA) at (202) 260–1602. Copies of the amendment are available through the EPA Wetlands Hotline at (800) 832–7828.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 404(c) of the Clean Water Act authorizes EPA to prohibit or restrict the use of portions of waters of the United States for discharging dredged or fill material. In December, 1991, Shell Pipe Line Corporation petitioned EPA to modify its 1985 section 404(c) Final Determination concerning the Bayou aux Carpes site to enable it to relocate a below ground pipeline to allow completion of a Federal hurricane protection levee project adjacent to the site, and to conduct future routine operation and maintenance of the pipeline.

EPA announced Shell's request for amendment of the Bayou aux Carpes Final Determination and requested public comment in the January 31, 1992 Federal Register (57 FR 3757). EPA formally notified the Corps of Engineers Headquarters of the Shell petition and requested any comments on Shell's proposal. EPA also mailed copies of the Federal Register notice to other parties believed to be interested in the proposed action.

There were no comments from the public received by EPA in response to the Federal Register notice. Corps Headquarters responded in a February 18, 1992 letter to EPA and recommended that EPA give full consideration to the request by Shell to undertake the activity. Corps Headquarters also stated that based on information provided, it appears that only minimal and temporary impacts associated with the project would be necessary to facilitate pipeline relocation and maintenance. Further, Corps Headquarters indicated that they had coordinated their response with the Corps of Engineers New Orleans District Office and the District was gathering information to review the project in accordance with Corps of Engineers regulatory requirements. According to Corps Headquarters, during the permit review process, the District will consider permit conditions to minimize impacts to wetlands within the proposed project area.

EPA carefully reviewed Shell's proposal, comments submitted by the Corps of Engineers, and the existing Bayou aux Carpes section 404(c) administrative record. Based on this review, EPA concluded that environmental impacts associated with the Shell pipeline relocation activity would not result in unacceptable adverse effects to the Bayou aux Carpes section 404(c) area. In reaching this decision, EPA considered that (1) the environmental impacts are minor and temporary because the project is confined to an area approximately 0.43 acres in size and the project involves a maximum discharge of 300 cubic vards of dredged or fill material for a period of approximately two weeks; (2) the impacted area will be restored to preproject contours when the project is complete; (3) the Shell pipeline relocation is a precautionary action necessary to facilitate the enlargement of a Federal hurricane protection levee adjacent to the section 404(c) area; and (4) Shell evaluated and attempted alternate methods of pipeline relocation which were unsuccessful.

With regard to the Shell request to except from the Bayou aux Carpes Final Determination future discharges associated with routine operation and maintenance of this pipeline, EPA has determined that this request is equivalent to the existing exception described in the October 16, 1985 Bayou aux Carpes Final Determination for routine operation and maintenance activities of the Southern Natural Gas

Company pipeline also located within the area restricted by EPA's action under section 404(c). No information has been provided which suggests that such maintenance has had greater impacts than expected.

Dated: March 31, 1992.

Martha G. Prothro,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Water. [FR Doc. 92–8965 Filed 4–16–92; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–4

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control

Technical Advisory Committee for Diabetes Translation and Community Control Programs: Meeting

In accordance with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463), the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) announces the following committee meeting.

Name: Technical Advisory Committee for Diabetes Translation and Community Control Programs.

Time and Date: 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Tuesday. May 19, 1992.

Place: Ramada Renaissance Hotel Atlanta Airport, 4736 Best Road, College Park, Georgia 30337. (Exit Riverdale Road off I-85.) Status: Open to the public, limited only by

the space available.

Purpose: This committee is charged with advising the Director, CDC, regarding priorities and feasible goals for translation activities and community control programs designed to reduce risk factors, morbidity, and mortality associated with diabetes and its complications. The Committee advises regarding policies, strategies, goals and objectives, and priorities; identifies research advances and technologies ready for translation into widespread community practice; recommends public health strategies to be implemented through community interventions; advises on operational research and outcome evaluation methodologies; identifies research issues for further clinical investigation; and advises regarding the coordination of programs with Federal, voluntary, and private resources involved in the provision of services to people with diabetes.

Matters to be Discussed: The Committee will continue to discuss specific objectives related to translation for Technical Advisory Committee for Diabetes Translation and Community Control Programs. In addition, the Committee will discuss issues related to current research and science that is ready for translation into communitywide practice. Division of Diabetes Translation staff will provide updates on diabetes control activities and programs currently operational within and outside of the Division.

Agenda items are subject to change as priorities dictate.

Contact Person for More Information: Frederick G. Murphy, Program Analyst, Division of Diabetes Translation, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, CDC, 1600 Clifton Road, NE, (K-10), Atlanta, Georgia 30333, telephone 404/488-5005 or FTS 236-5005.

Dated: April 10, 1992.

Elvin Hilyer,

Associate Director for Policy Coordination Centers for Disease Control.

[FR Doc. 92-8912 Filed 4-16-92; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160-18-M

National Committee on Vital and Health Statistics (NCVHS) Subcommittee on Mental Health Statistics: Meeting

Pursuant to Public Law 92–463, the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control. announces the following committee meeting.

Name: NCVHS Subcommittee on Mental Health Statistics.

Time and Date: 9:30 a.m.-4 p.m., May 22, 1992.

Place: Room 337A-339A, Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20201.

Status: Open.
Purpose: The subcommittee will continue deliberations initiated at previous meetings regarding the collection and analysis of institutional and person oriented longitudinal data on children and youth with mental disorders. The subcommittee will also review recent developments in the area of disability statistics particularly as they relate to proposed activities at NCHS and the National

Academy of Sciences.

Contact Person for More Information:
Substantive program information as well as summaries of the meeting and a roster of committee members may be obtained from Gail F. Fisher, Ph.D., Executive Secretary, NCVHS, NCHS, room 1100, Presidential Building, 6525 Belcrest Road, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782, telephone number 301/436–7050 or FTS 438–7070.

Dated: April 10, 1992.

Elvin Hilyer,

Associate Director for Policy Coordination. Centers for Disease Control.

[FR Doc. 92-8911 Filed 4-16-92; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160-18-M

Food and Drug Administration [Docket No. 91E-0476]

Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

Extension: Dermatop®

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) has determined
the regulatory review period for
Dermatop® and is publishing this notice
of that determination as required by
law. FDA has made the determination
because of the submission of an
application to the Commissioner of
Patents and Trademarks, Department of
Commerce, for the extension of a patent
which claims that human drug product.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and petitions should be directed to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, rm. 1–23, 12420 Parklawn Dr., Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joel Sparks, Office of Health Affairs (HFY-20), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-443-1382.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Drug **Price Competition and Patent Term** Restoration Act of 1984 (Pub. L. 98-417) and the Generic Animal Drug and Patent Term Restoration Act (Pub. L. 100-670) generally provide that a patent may be extended for a period of up to 5 years so long as the patented item (human drug product, animal drug product, medical device, food additive, or color additive) was subject to regulatory review by FDA before the item was marketed. Under these acts, a product's regulatory review period forms the basis for determining the amount of extension an applicant may receive.

A regulatory review period consists of two periods of time: a testing phase and an approval phase. For human drug products, the testing phase begins when the exemption to permit the clinical investigations of the drug becomes effective and runs until the approval phase begins. The approval phase starts with the initial submission of an application to market the human drug product and continues until FDA grants permission to market the drug product. Although only a portion of a regulatory review period may count toward the actual amount of extension that the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks may award (for example. half the testing phase must be subtracted as well as any time that may have occurred before the patent was issued), FDA's determination of the length of a regulatory review period for a human drug product will include all of the testing phase and approval phase as specified in 35 U.S.C. 156(g)(1)(B).

FDA recently approved for marketing the human drug product Dermatop*. Dermatop* (prednicarbate) is indicated for the relief of the inflammatory and